Name: Ebtissam Nour Amin El-Shamy.

Nationality: Egyptian.

Date of Birth: 9/5/1962 - Cairo.

Specification Degree: Master of Veterinary Science.

Title of Thesis: Clinicopathological Studies on the Effect of Some

Medicinal Plants as a Remedy in Experimentally

Diseased Rats.

#### **Supervisors:**

### Prof. Dr. Safaa Yasin Sayed Ahmad

Professor of Clinical Pathology Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Cairo University.

Prof. Dr. Alaa R. Ahmad

Prof. Dr. Amina A.M. Nawwar

Prof. of Clinical Pathology

Prof. of Immunity

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine

Animal Health Research Institute

Cairo University

Dokki

#### **Abstract**

This study was conducted to give an overview on the effect of some medicinal plants as Arctuim lappa and Curcuma longa as hepatoprotective agents in experimentally intoxicated rats using CCl<sub>4</sub> as toxic model substance throughout the assessment of different hematological, biochemical and immunological parameters as well as histopathological alterations at different intervals. The study revealed non significant changes in erythrogram examination in all experimental groups compared to control negative allover the experimental period. On the contrary, marked elevation of TLC was observed at the fourth week in rats administrated A.I, C.I. individually or in combination. Serum biochemical analysis revealed drastic elevation in the activities of serum transaminases and ALP in control positive group. Also, BUN, creatinine, calcium and phosphorus showed significant elevation in CCl<sub>4</sub> intoxicated group compared to control negative. Meantime, serum total protein, lipid profile and serum glucose level showed significant decrease in CCl<sub>4</sub> intoxicated rats along the experimental period. Dietary *Arctuim lappa* and Curcuma longa administration to CCl<sub>4</sub> intoxicated rats' revealed significant improvement and relieved the toxic effect encountered by CCl<sub>4</sub> compared to

control negative group allover the experimental period. Evaluation of cell mediated immune response revealed significant improvement in phagocytic activity in group administrated A.I. and C.I. compared to control negative group. In summary, it could be clear that combination of plants, *Arctuim lappa* and *Curcuma longa* treated groups respectively possess considerable improvement in liver and kidney architecture and effectively inhibit the liver injury induced by CCI<sub>4</sub> and enhance immune response and may be developed into clinical application.

# **Contents**

Subjects	page
1. Introduction	1
2. Review of literature	4
2.1.1 Medicinal plants	4
2.2. Chemical constituents and clinical uses	
of medicinal plants	6
2.1.1.a. Arctium lappa Linne	6
2.1.1.b. Curcuma longa	10
2.1. 2. Clinicopathological changes and immuno-	15
modulatory effects associated with C.l. and A.l	
2.1. 3. Histopathological altrations associated with	
C.l. and A.l	25
2.2. Carbon tetrachloride	
2.2.1.Clinical application, importance and uses	28
of carbon tetrachloride	20
2.2.2.Clinicopathological and immuno-modulatory	
alterations of CCl <sub>4</sub>	29
2.2.3. Histopathological findings of CCl <sub>4</sub>	36
3.Materials and Methods	39
3.1 Materials	39
3.1.1 Experimental animals	39
3.1.2 Carbon tetrachloride CCL <sub>4</sub>	39
3.1.3 Medicinal plants	40
3.1.3. a <i>Arctium lappa</i>	40
3.1.3. b Cucuma longa	40
3.1.4. Reagents for hematological examination	41
3.1.5. Diagnostic kits	42

3.1.6. Reagents and media for phagocytic activity of	42
neutrophil	42
3.1.7. Reagents for histopathological studies	43
3.2 Methods: -	
3.2.1. Experimental design	43
3.2.2. Preparation of crude drugs	49
3.2.3. Induction of hepatotoxicity	50
3.2.4. Methods of examinations	50
A. Sampling	50
B. Hematological examination	51
C. Serum biochemical analysis	51
D. Cellular immune response	55
E. Histopathological examination	57
3.3. Statistical analysis	58
4. Results	59
5. Discussion	111
6. Summary and conclusion	132
7. References	138
8. Arabic summary	

## **Abbreviation list**

A/G Albumin: Globulin ratio

ALP Alkaline phosphatase

ALT Alanine aminotransferase

AST Aspartate aminotransferase

A.I Arctium lappa

BUN Blood urea nitrogen

C.I Curcuma longa

CCl<sub>4</sub> Carbon tetrachloride

EDTA Sodium salt of ethylene diamine tetra acetate

fl femtoliter

Hb Hemoglobin

hr hour

I/P intra peritoneal

IU international unit

LSD Least significant difference

MCH Mean corpuscular hemoglobin

MCH Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration

MCV Mean corpuscular volume

NS Non Significant

PCV packed cell volume

Pg picogram

RBCs Red blood cells

SD Standard Deviation

TLC Total leukocytic count

WBCs White blood cells