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## ABSTRACT

Two consecutive field Experiments were conducted during the 2011/2012 and 2012/2013 seasons at Experimental Research Station of the Agriculture Research Center, El-Arish, North Sinai. The main objectives of this study were to study the effects of the packaging pattern and the conditions of keeping the herb on the shelf of the sage and rosemary, and to evaluate the best method of drying and packing and its effect on the microbial load and the content of the essential oil and the percentage of active ingredients in the oil of the sage and rosemary. Results indicated that for first experiment the packaging of sage and rosemary fresh herb in foam dishes covered with cellophane or sharnk - film and storing in the refrigerator at 5  $\pm$  1  $^{\circ}$  C and 70-80% relative humidity maintained the quality of the herb and increased the duration of shelf life. For second experiment The best method of drying was the drying in the shade and the best type of packaging during storage were carton boxes. On the other hand, the results showed that the volatile oil and active ingredients were decreased when storage period was increase and there was a steady increase in rate of microbial load with increase storage period