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Study on some bacterial duck diseases in Damietta Governorate

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| English Abstract | | | |

Fifty -Eight, duck flocks of different ages, rearing system and breeds (Pekin, *Muscovy* and *Mallard*)), suffered from high morbidity and increased mortality, were examined from 2013 to 2015 in different localities of Damietta Governorate. Clinical signs and post mortem examination were carried out. 213 samples (169 from duck farms and 44 from the backyard) were collected from internal organs, bone marrow, synovial fluids of arthritic joints and hydropericardial fluids from diseased and freshly dead ducks from positive bacterial isolation and subjected to isolation and identification of bacterial pathogens. Bacterial isolates were (81%, 76.9%) from farms and backyard respectively. The most frequently isolated bacterial pathogens were E. coli, Salmonella spp, Proteuse spp, Enterococcus spp, Pseudomonas spp and Staphylococcus aureus with incidence of (88.4%, 80%), (11.5%, 10%); (50%,40%); (26.9%,20%); (15.3%,0%) and (7.6%,0%) from duck farms and backyards respectively. Salmonella serotyping were Salmonella Kentuky (66%), Salmonella Santiaago and Salmonella Typhimurium (16.6). Serological serotyping of some isolated E.coli. belonged to (O1, O127 and O 143). Antibiotic sensitivity testing for Salmonella spp showed susceptibility to

Oxytetracyclin, Amoxicillin, Chloramphenicol, Enrofloxacin, Flumequine, Ciprofloxacin, Neomycin, Ampicillin, Doxycyclin hydrochloride and resistance to gentamicin. While Enterococcus faecalis strains were found to be resistance to different antibiotics and susceptible only to Ampicilin. Pathogenicity typhemiurim of testing isolated Salmonella and Enterococcusfecalis were carried out on Pekin ducks, showed variable degrees of clinical signs and postmortem lesion depends on pathogen challenged and route of inoculation.

| Key | Bacterial | diseases, | salmonella, | Enterococcus, | Duck | diseases, |
|-------|------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------|------|-----------|
| Words | serotyping | , antimicro | bial sensitivity. | | | |

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List of Abbreviations

| Abbreviation | Mean |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| ABPC | Ampicillin |
| BS | Bismuth Sulfite |
| BA | Blood agar |
| BGA | Brilliant green agar |
| CTX | Cefotaxime |
| СР | Chloramphenicol |
| CPFX | Ciprofloxacin |
| CFU | Colony Forming Unite |
| ES | Crude extrac |
| С | Degree Cellius |
| d | Day |
| DCA | Desoxycholate citrate agar |
| DAEC | Diffuse adherent Escherichia coli |
| EAggEC | Enteroaggregative Escherichia coli |
| EHEC | Enterohemorrhgic Escherichia coli |
| EIEC | Enteroinvasive Escherichia coli |
| EPEC | Enteropathogenic Escherichia coli |
| ETEC | Enterotoxigenic Escherichia .coli |
| EMB | Eosin Methylene Blue |
| EM | Erythromycin |
| E.coli | Escherichia coli |
| FAO | Food and Agricultural Organization |
| FHN | Femoral Head necrosis |
| GN | Gram Negative |
| GP | Gram Positive |
| HE | Hektoen Enteric agar |
| hr | hour |
| H2O2 | Hydrogen peroxide |
| KM | kanamycin |
| KIA | Kligler Iron agar |
| LAP | Leucine pyrrolidony |

| LCM | Lincomycin |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| MSA | Mannitol Salt agar |
| MR | Methyl Red |
| ml | Millilitre |
| NO | Number |
| OIE | Office International Des Epizooties |
| OTC | Oxytetracyclin |
| PBS | Phosphat buffered salin |
| PM | Post mortem |
| PL-B | Polymyxin |
| PI | Post inoculation |
| PYR | Pyrrolidonyl beta naphthylamide |
| RV | Rappaport Vassiliadis |
| St | Salmonella typhimurium |
| SS | Salmonella. Shigella agar |
| NaCl | Sodium chloride |
| ST | Trimethoprime- sulfamethoxazole |
| TSI | Triple Sugar Iron agar |
| TSA | Trptic soya agar |
| UPEC | Uropathogenic Escherichia coli |
| VCM | Vancomycin |
| V-P | Voges proskauer |
| WBAT | Whole Blood Agglutination Test |
| WK | Week |
| XLD | Xylose lysine deoxycholate agar |
| XLT4 | Xylose lysine tergitol agar |
| YSI | Yolk Sac Infection |
| Y | Yellow (TSI) |
| + | positive |
| - | Negative |
| / | per |
| % | Percentage |