



#### PHYTOREMEDIATION OF THE AIR POLLUTIONUSING SOME PLANTS IN THREE DIFFERENT LOCATIONS OF ALEXANDRIA CITY

BY

Naira Ali Ahmed Ibrahim

B.Sc. Agric. science, (Floriculture- Ornamental plant- Horticulture) 2008 - Faculty of Agriculture - Alexandria University M.Sc. Degree of Agric. Science- Plant production (Ornamental tissue culture) 2012- Faculty of agriculture-Alexandria University

#### THESIS

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of

#### DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY In

**Environmental Science** (Agricultural Science)

Department of Environment Sustainable Development and Management of Its Projects Environmental Studies and Research Institute (ESRI) University of Sadat City EGYPT

2019

Name of Candidate: Naira Ali Ahmed Ibrahim	Degree: Ph.D.
Title of thesis: PHYTOREMEDIATION OF THE AIR P	<b>OLLUTION USING</b>
SOME PLANTS IN THREE DIFFERENT LOCATION	S OF ALEXANDRIA
CITY.	
Supervisors: Dr. Inas Zakaria Abdel-Salam	

Dr. Ashraf Abdel-Hamid Hassan Zahran..... Dr. Nader Ahmed Mohamed El-Shanhorey.....

Department: Environment Sustainable Development and Management of its

**Projects.** 

**Branch: Agriculture Science** 

Approval: / /

#### ABSTRACT

The present study was carried out in three zones in Alexandria governorate [El-Ebrahimeya zone (traffic zone), El-Max zone (industrial zone) and Antoniadis Park (control zone)] during spring and autumn of two the successive seasons 2015 and 2016 to evaluate the effects of phytoremediation using two different species of shrubs as *Nerium oleander* and *Pittosporum tobira* plants on reducing the air pollution content with heavy metal (lead, cadmium and zinc) in the three zones . Homogeneous seedlings of *Nerium oleander* and *Pittosporum tobira* were planted individually in plastic pots (30 cm diameter) filled with a mixture of sand and clay. Ninety plants were planted in three zones in Alexandria governorate (thirty plants each zone).

First, we study the effect on the vegetative growth characteristics for both kind of shrubs (*Nerium oleander* and *Pittosporum tobira*) which were (Plant height, No. of leaves, leaf area, leaves dry weight, stem dry weight, stem diameter, root length, root dry weight) and the chemical analysis for the studied kind of shrubs which were (N, P, K, concentration of chlorophyll content Index, total sugar content in leaves and the three HMs (Pb, Cd, and Zn)).

Second, determination of heavy metals especially (Pb, Cd, and Zn) that were more spread in Alexandria according to the previous study in soil samples and air samples that were collected from the three regions under study (Antoniadis park, El-Max, and El-Ebrahimeya). We determined the heavy metals by using atomic absorption spectrophotometer for plants samples and soil samples by using Inductively Coupled Plasma Spectrometry. The layout of the experimental design was a split-split plot design with three replicates.

The results emphasized that the data showed the effect of different locations on vegetative growth on *Nerium oleander* and *Pittosporum tobira* plants. In both seasons, *Nerium oleander* plants planted in Antoniadis Park had the highest leaves, stem, and roots parameters in the first and second seasons, respectively. While *Pittosporum tobira* plants planted in El- Max had the lowest vegetative growth rate in both seasons. The growth rate was also significantly affected by different periods during both seasons. Accordingly, it can be seen from the data were significantly increased gradually in the autumn, While, the lowest growth rate in the spring.

The results of chemical analysis for plant parts showed that the effect of different locations on lead, cadmium and zinc content in plant parts. In both seasons, *Pittosporum tobira* plants that planted in El-Max had the highest heavy metals content, while, *Nerium oleander* plants that planted in Antoniadis Park had the lowest lead, cadmium, and zinc content in the first and second seasons, respectively. Chemical analysis of heavy metals content in plant parts was also significantly affected by different periods during both seasons. Accordingly, it can be seen from the data that heavy metals were significantly increased gradually in the spring, while, the lowest heavy metals content (lead, cadmium, and zinc) in plant parts was the autumn in the first and second seasons, respectively.

The results of chemical analysis for soils indicated that the effect of different locations on lead, cadmium and zinc content in soils. In both seasons, the highest content of heavy metals was found in El-Max region during autumn from *Nerium oleander*, while the lowest content of heavy metals in soils was obtained in Antoniadis park during spring from *Pittosporum tobira* in the two successive seasons 2015 and 2016, respectively.

The results of chemical analysis for the leachates of parts of plants showed that the effect of different location on lead, cadmium, and zinc in the leachates. In both seasons, the highest content of heavy metals in the leachates of the parts of the plants was found in El-Max region during spring, while the lowest content of heavy metals was found in Antoniadis park during autumn in both season 2015 and 2016, respectively.

Keywords: Nerium oleander, Pittosporum tobira, heavy metals (Pb, Cd, and Zn), Alexandria governorate, air and soil pollution.

### CONTENTS

ACKN	NOWLE	DGEMNT	Page
			1
INTR	ODUCI	'ION	1
REVI	EW OF	LITERATUES	5
1.		Soil pollution with HMs (lead, cadmium and zinc).	5
2.		Air pollution with HMs (lead, cadmium and zinc) and TSP	11
3.		Phytoremediation by using some Shrubs	17
	a.	Nerium oleander	17
	а. b.	Pittosporum tobira	22
MATI		AND METHODS	25
RESU	LTS AN	D DISSICUSSION	31
4.		The vegetative growth characteristic of <i>Nerium</i>	_
		oleander and Pittosporum tobira	31
	a.	Plant height (cm)	31
	b.	Number of leaves (per plant)	35
	с.	Leaves dry weight (g)	38
	d.	Leaf area $(cm^2)$	41
	e.	Stem diameter (cm)	45
	f.	Stem dry weight (g)	48
	g.	Root length (cm)	51
	h.	Root dry weight (g)	53
5.		The chemical constituent characteristic of <i>Nerium</i>	
		oleander and Pittosporum tobira	56
	a.	Chlorophyll concentration index (SPAD) of leaves	56
	b.	Total sugar content of leaves (D.W.)	60
	c.	Nitrogen content of leaves (D.W)	63
	d.	Phosphorus content of leaves (D.W)	67
	e.	Potassium content of leaves (D.W)	71
	f.	Lead content in leaves (µg/g)	75
	g.	Cadmium content in leaves (µg/g)	<b>78</b>
	h.	Zinc content in leaves (µg/g)	81
	i.	Lead content in stems (µg/g)	84
	j.	Cadmium content in stems (µg/g)	87
	k.	Zinc content in stems (µg/g)	90
	l.	Lead content in roots (µg/g)	93
	m.	Cadmium content in roots (µg/g)	96
	n.	Zinc content in roots (µg/g)	99
	0.	Heavy metals (lead, cadmium and zinc) content in	
		soil	103

i	Lead content in soils (mg/kg)	103
ii	Cadmium content in soils (mg/kg)	106
iii	Zinc content in soils (mg/kg)	109
P	Heavy metals (lead, cadmium and zinc) content (mg/kg) in the filter paper	112
6.	Correlation relationships of Total Suspended	
	particulate (TSP) and Particulate Matter Less	115
	Than 10 Micrometer $(PM_{10})$	
7.	Concentration of available (lead, cadmium and	
	zinc) in leachate of parts of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and	117
	Pittosporum tobira	
	Soluble lead concentration in leachates of leaves	
a		117
	Soluble lead concentration in leachates of stems	
b		119
	Soluble lead concentration in leachates of roots	
С		121
	Soluble cadmium concentration in leachates of	
d		124
	Soluble cadmium concentration in leachates in	
e		126
	Soluble cadmium concentration in leachates of	
f		128
	Soluble zinc concentration in leachates of leaves	
g		130
5	Soluble zinc concentration in leachates of stems	
h		132
11	Soluble zinc concentration in leachates of roots	
i		134
8.	Air Pollution Tolerance Index	136
SUMMARY		130
CONCLUSI	)N	143
		143
ARABIC SUMMARY 1		

- 6.
- 7.

## LIST OF TABLES

No.		Page
1.	Some physical and chemical characteristics of studied soil	26
2.	Weather data of Egypt- Alexandria- Monthly- 2015-2016	27
	Means of plant height (cm) of Nerium oleander and Pittosporum	
3.	tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	33
	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of number of leaves (per plant) of Nerium oleander and	
<b>4</b> .	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	36
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
_	Means of leaves dry weight (g) of Nerium oleander and Pittosporum	
5.	tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	39
	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of leaves area (cm <sup>2</sup> ) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum</i>	12
6.	<i>tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	43
	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
-	Means of stem diameter (cm) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum</i>	47
7.	<i>tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	47
	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
0	Means of stems dry weight (g) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum</i>	49
8.	<i>tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	49
	Means of root length (cm) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum</i>	
9.	tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	52
9.	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	32
	Means of roots dry weight (g)of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum</i>	
10.	<i>tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	54
10.	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	04
	Means of chlorophyll concentration index (SPAD) of Nerium	
	oleander and Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations,	
11.	plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and	58
	2016	
	Means of total sugar content in leaves (D.W.) of Nerium oleander	
12.	and Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants,	61
	periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of nitrogen content (D.W.) of Nerium oleander and	
13.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	65
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of phosphorus content (D.W.) of Nerium oleander and	
14.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	69
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of potassium content (D.W.) of Nerium oleander and	
15.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	73
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
16.	Means of lead content in leaves $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	76

	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
17.	Means of cadmium content in leaves $(\mu g/g)$ of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	79
	Means of zinc content in leaves (µg/g) of Nerium oleander and	
18.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	82
	Means of lead content in stems $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	
19.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	85
	Means of cadmium content in stems $(\mu g/g)$ of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and	
20.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	88
	Means of zinc content in stems $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	
21.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	91
	Means of lead content in roots $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	
22.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	94
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of cadmium content in roots $(\mu g/g)$ of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and	
23.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	<b>97</b>
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of zinc content in roots $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	
24.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	101
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of lead content in soil (mg/kg) of Nerium oleander and	
25.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	104
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of cadmium content in soil (mg/kg) of Nerium oleander and	
26.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	107
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of zinc content in soil (mg/kg) of Nerium oleander and	
27.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	110
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
•0	Means of Heavy metal (lead, cadmium and zinc) content in filter	
28.	paper (mg/kg)	112
	Correlation coefficient between the three pollutants (Pb, Zn and	
29.	Cd), TSP (Total suspended particles) and PM <sub>10</sub> (Particulate Matter	115
_, ,	Less Than 10 Micrometer) in <i>Nerium oleander</i> plant	
	Correlation coefficient between the three pollutants (Pb, Zn and	
30.	Cd), TSP (Total suspended particles) and PM <sub>10</sub> (Particulate Matter	115
	Less Than 10 Micrometer) in <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plant	
24	Means of soluble lead concentration in the leachate of leaves (mg/l)	440
31.	of Nerium oleander and Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by	118

	locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
32.	Means of soluble lead concentration in the leachate of stems (mg/l) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	120
33.	Means of soluble lead concentration in the leachate of roots (mg/l) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	123
34.	Means of soluble cadmium concentration in the leachate of leaves (mg/l) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	125
35.	Means of soluble cadmium concentration in the leachate of stems (mg/l) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	127
36.	Means of soluble cadmium concentration in the leachate of roots (mg/l) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	129
37.	Means of soluble zinc concentration in the leachate of leaves (mg/l) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	131
38.	Means of soluble zinc concentration in the leachate of stems (mg/l) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	133
39.	Means of soluble zinc concentration in the leachate of roots (mg/l) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	135
40.	<b>APTI</b> values for <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> (g/m <sup>2</sup> )	136

## LIST OF FIGURES

No.		Page
1.	Means of plant height (cm) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum</i> <i>tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	34
	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of number of leaves (per plant) of Nerium oleander and	
2.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	37
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
-	Means of leaves dry weight (g) of Nerium oleander and Pittosporum	
3.	tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	40
	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of leaves area (cm <sup>2</sup> ) of Nerium oleander and Pittosporum	
<b>4</b> .	tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	44
	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
_	Means of stems dry weight (g) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Pittosporum</i>	50
5.	<i>tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	50
	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of roots dry weight (g)of Nerium oleander and Pittosporum	
6.	<i>tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their	55
	interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of chlorophyll concentration index (SPAD) of <i>Nerium</i>	
7.	oleander and Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations,	59
	plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and	
	2016	
Ø	Means of total sugar content in leaves (D.W.) of <i>Nerium oleander</i>	()
8.	and <i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants,	62
	periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
0	Means of nitrogen content (D.W.) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and <i>Differences to bing plants again</i> fluenced by logations plants periods	"
9.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	66
	Means of phosphorus content (D.W.) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and	
10.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	69
10.	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	09
	Means of potassium content (D.W.) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and	
11.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	74
11.	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	/-
	Means of lead content in leaves $(\mu g/g)$ of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and	
12.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	77
14.	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	,,
	Means of cadmium content in leaves ( $\mu g/g$ ) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and	
13.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	80
101	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	00
	Means of zinc content in leaves $(\mu g/g)$ of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and	
14.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	83
- "	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	50

	Means of lead content in stems $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	
15.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	86
	Means of cadmium content in stems ( $\mu g/g$ ) of <i>Nerium oleander</i> and	
16.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	89
10,	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	0)
	Means of zinc content in stems $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	
17.	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i> plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	92
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of lead content in roots $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	
18.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	95
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of cadmium content in roots $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	
19.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	<b>98</b>
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of zinc content in roots $(\mu g/g)$ of Nerium oleander and	
20.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	102
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of lead content in soil (mg/kg) of Nerium oleander and	
21.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	105
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of cadmium content in soil (mg/kg) of Nerium oleander and	
22.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	108
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
	Means of zinc content in soil (mg/kg) of Nerium oleander and	
23.	Pittosporum tobira plants as influenced by locations, plants, periods	111
	and their interaction in the two seasons of 2015 and 2016	
24.	Means of Heavy metal (lead, cadmium and zinc) content in filter	113
	paper (mg/kg)	

الدرجه : الدكتوراه	اسم الطالبه : نيره علي أحمد ابراهيم
في ثلاث مناطق مختلفه في مدينه الاسكندريه.	عنوان الرساله: استخدام بعض التباتات في معالجه تلوث الهواء ف

	المشرفون : دكتور/ ايناس زكريا عبد السلام
	دكتور / اشرف عبد الحميد زهران
	دكتور/ نادر احمد محمد الشتهوري
التخصص: العلوم البينيه (العلوم الزراعيه)	قسم: التنميه المتواصله واداره مشروعتها
	تاريخ منح الدرجه: //

#### المستخلص العربي

اجريت هذه الدراسه في ثلاثه مناطق في محافظه الاسكندريه (منطقة الإبراهيمية (منطقة الإقامة والمرور) ، ومنطقة المكس (المنطقه) الصناعية)و حديقه أنطونيادس (منطقة الكنترول)) خلال فصلي الربيع والخريف من موسمين متتاليين 2015 و 2016 لتقييم آثار المعالجة النباتية باستخدام نوعين مختلفين من الشجيرات مثل نباتات التفله و البتسبورم على تقليل محتوى تلوث الهواء بالمعادن الثقيل. (الرصاص والكادميوم والزنك) في المواقع الثلاثه. تم زرع شتلات متجانسة من التفله و البتسبورم على تقليل محتوى تلوث الهواء بالمعادن الثقيل. (قطر ها 30 سم) مملوءة بمزيج من الرمل والطين) بحيث زرعت تسعين نبات في ثلاثة مواقع في محافظه الإسكندرية (ثلاثون نبات لكل منطقة).

أولاً دراسه التأثير على خصائص النمو الخضري لكلا النوعين من الشجيرات التفله والبتسبورم والتي كانت تشمل الاتي (ارتفاع النبات, عدد الاوراق, مساحه الاوراق,الوزن الجاف للاوراق,الوزن الجاف للسيقان, قطر الساق, طول الجذر,الوزن الجاف للجذور) بالاضافه الى دراسه التحليلات الكيميائيه والتي تشتمل الاتي ( مؤشر تركيز محتوى الكلوروفيل ، إجمالي محتوى السكر والمعادن الثقبله موضع الدراسه(الزنك و الكادميوم و الرصاص), بالاضافه الى العناصر الكبرى والتي تتضمن( البوتاسية وجنور). الفوسفور)).

ثانيا تحديد المعادن الثقيله خاصه (الرصاص, الكادميوم, الزنك) التي كانت اكثر انتشارا في مدينه الاسكندريه وفقا للدراسه السابقه لعينات التربه وعينات الهواء التي تم جمعها من الثلاث مناطق قيد الدراسه الدراسه (منطقه المكس, منطقه الابراهيميه و حديقه انطونيادس). وحددنا المعادن الثقيلة باستخدام مقياس الطيف الامتصاص الذري لعينات النباتات وعينات التربة باستخدام مقياس الطيف البلازمي.

أكدت النتائج أن البيانات أظهرت تأثير المواقع المختلفة على النمو الخضري على نباتات التفله والبتسبورم. في كلا الموسمين الاول والثاتي كانت نباتات التفله التي تم زراعتها في منطقه انطونيادس تجتوي على اعلى قيمه للاوراق واليسقان والجذور. بينما اقل قيمه .كانت من نباتات البتسبورم التي تم زراعتها في منطقه المكس. كما تأثر معدل النمو بشكل كبير بفترات مختلفة خلال كلا الموسمين وفقا لذلك ، يمكن أن نرى من البيانات زادت بشكل كبير تدريجيا في فصل الخريف ، في حين أن أدنى معدل نمو في الربيع.

أظهرت نتائج التحليل الكيميائي لأجزاء النبات أن تأثير المواقع المختلفة على محتوى الرصاص والكادميوم والزنك في أجزاء النبات الموسمين ، كانت نباتات البتسبورم المزروعة في المكس تحتوي على أعلى نسبة من المعادن الثقيلة ، في حين كانت نباتات التفله التي كما .زرعت في حديقة انطونيادس تحتوي على أقل محتوى من الرصاص والكادميوم والزنك في الموسمين الأول والثاني على التوالي تأثر التحليل الكيميائي لمحتوى المعادن الثقيلة في أجزاء النبات بشكل كبير بفترات مختلفة خلال كلا الموسمين أن نارت أن المعادن الثقيلة قد از دادت بشكل تدريجي في الربيع ، بينما كان أدنى محتوى للمعادن الثقيلة (الرصاص والكادميوم وفقًا لذلك ، يمكن أجزاء النبات هو الخريف في الموسمين الأول والثاني على التوالي.

أشارت نتائج التحليل الكيميائي للتربة إلى أن تأثير المواقع المختلفة على محتوى الرصاص والكادميوم والزنك في التربةحيث تم العثور أعلى نسبة من المعادن الثقيلة في منطقه المكس خلال فصل الخريف من نبات التفله في حين تم الحصول على ادنى محتوى من المعادن الثقيلة في التربة في حديقة انطونيادس خلال فصل الربيع من البتسبورم في الموسمين المتتاليين 2015 و 2016 ، على التوالى.

أظهرت نتائج التحليل الكيميائي للمادة المرتشحة لأجزاء من النباتات أن تأثير المواقع المختلف على محتوى الرصاص والكادميوم والزنك في مياه غسيل الاجزاء النباتيه في منطقة المكس خلال فصل الربيع بينما تم العثور على أقل محتوى من المعادن الثقيلة في حديقة أنتونياديس خلال فصل الخريف في كل من موسم 2015 و 2016 ، على التوالي.

الكلمات الداله: نبات التفله, نبات البتسبورم, تلوث الهواء, تلوث التربه, الرصاص, الزنك, الكادميوم, محافظه الاسكندريه





# استخدام بعض النباتات في معالجة تلوث الهواء في ثلاث مناطق مختلفة في الاسكندرية

بكالوريوس في العلوم الزراعية ( زهور ونباتات الزينة - بساتين ) 2008- كلية الزراعة- جامعة الاسكندرية ماجستيرفي العلوم الزراعية (إنتاج نباتي) 2012- كلية الزراعة – جامعة الإسكندرية

قسم التنمية المتواصلة للبيئة وإدارة مشروعاتها معهد الدراسات والبحوث البيئية جامعة مدينة السادات

# 2019